

MANAGING RECOVERY FROM COMBINED SURGERIES

How it differs from single hip procedures

hippreservation.org

READ THIS FIRST



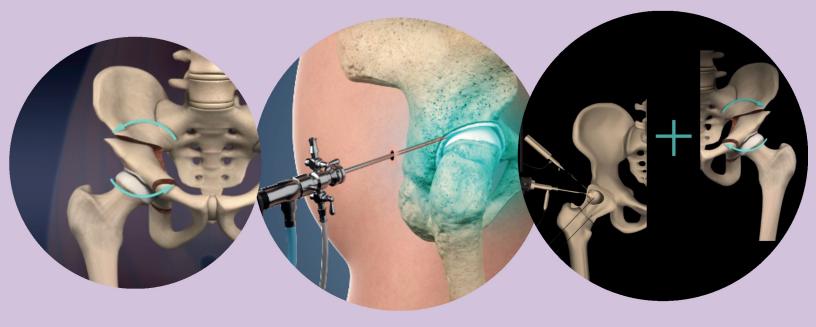
Some patients have both labral damage/impingement and hip dysplasia. Doing hip arthroscopy and PAO in the same operation:

- Treats both problems at once
- Avoids two separate recoveries
- Saves on hospital time, anesthesia, and surgical costs

What to Expect

- Recovery is **slower and more demanding** than with a single procedure.
- You'll need **crutches longer** (often 6–8+ weeks).
- Physical therapy progresses at a more cautious pace.
- Fatigue is normal your body is healing from both bone and soft tissue surgery.

Minesh Patet, MD



COMBINED VS. SINGLE PROCEDURES

Aspect	Single Surgery (Hip Arthroscopy OR PAO)	Combined Surgery (Arthroscopy + PAO)
Aspect	One procedure, shorter anesthesia time	Both done together — longer surgery, but only one anesthesia event
Aspect	Usually 1–3 days	Often 3–5 days
Aspect	Billed for one hospital stay	Saves overall cost vs. two separate surgeries & hospital stays
Crutches/Weight Bearing	2-4 weeks (arthroscopy) or 4-6 weeks (PAO)	6–8+ weeks (longer due to combined healing)
Physical Therapy	Faster progression	More cautious, slower early phases
Return to Sport	6–9 months typical	9–12 months typical
Energy & Fatigue	Moderate	Higher — healing from bone + labrum at once

Rehab Considerations



Slower Start



Strength Takes
Patience

Energy & Fatigue

Mental Side of Recovery

- Early PT is more cautious to protect both the bone healing (PAO) and labral repair (arthroscopy).
- Don't be discouraged if exercises feel "basic" longer than expected.
- Weight bearing is usually delayed (6-8+ weeks).
- Plan ahead for mobility at home, school, or work.
- Glutes, quads, and core need extra rebuilding.
- Progress is steady, not fast slow strength gains are still wins.
- Healing bone + soft tissue = higher energy demands.
- Expect more tiredness naps and good nutrition are part of recovery.
- Combined recovery can feel frustratingly long.
- Celebrate small wins like sitting longer, or walking further to stay motivated.

"Progress is progress – no matter how small."

Recovery Timeline for Combined Surgery



Phase 1 – Weeks o-6: Protect & Heal

- **Crutches:** Non- or partial-weight bearing (longer than single surgeries).
- Focus: Pain/swelling control, gentle range of motion, incision care.
- PT: Breathing, ankle pumps, isometrics, core engagement.

Phase 2 - Weeks 6-12: Transition

- Crutches: Gradual transition off when cleared.
- Focus: Restoring gait, building basic strength (glutes, quads, core).
- PT: Stationary bike, pool therapy, bridges, light resistance.

Phase 3 – Months 3–6: Rebuild Strength & Mobility

- Focus: Functional strength, endurance, balance.
- PT: Step-ups, split squats, controlled mobility drills.
- Lifestyle: Increase walking, start light cardio (bike, elliptical).

Phase 4 - Months 6-12: Return to Sport & Activity

- **Focus:** Advanced strength, agility, sport-specific drills.
- PT: Plyometrics, agility ladders, running progression.
- **Return to Sport:** Often closer to 9–12 months.

"Combined surgery recovery is a marathon - plan for steady milestones, not quick leaps."

Quick Reference for Combined Surgery Recovery



- Expect recovery to take longer than a single procedure
- Use crutches until your surgeon/PT clears you
- Track your progress weekly, not daily
- Focus on nutrition, sleep, and rest healing needs energy
- Lean on family, friends, and your rehab team



- Compare your progress to friends with only one surgery
- Rush to ditch crutches or skip milestones
- · Push through pain in early phases
- Get discouraged by slow strength gains
 small steps add up

Remember

- Combined = one surgery, one anesthesia, one hospital stay
- The recovery feels longer but you avoid two separate operations



Need Extra Help?

Our team specializes in **hip preservation care** — from complex surgeries like arthroscopy + PAO to the small details of recovery.



- Schedule a follow-up visit
- Ask about physical therapy partners
- Explore more resources at HipPreservation.org

"Small adjustments and steady patience lead to big wins in recovery."